

Disassembly sequence

- 1 Lock plate
- 2 Side bearing nut
- 3 Bearing cap
- 4 Side bearing outer race
- 5 Side bearing inner race

- 6 Differential (see later sections)
- 7 Reduction pinion (see later sections)
- 8 Shim
- 9 Differential carrier

CAUTION /

- Keep side bearings that have been removed separated from each other and ensure that during installation each one is correctly placed.
- . Be sure to replace the bearing cap, differential carrier and bolts as a differential carrier set.
- . Be sure to replace the reduction pinion and the reduction gear of the differential as a reduction gear set.

NOTE

· Record the number and thickness of shims to use them as reference at assembly.

Assembly sequence

Follow the disassembly sequence in reverse.

Service standards: mm {in}

Location	Maintenance item	Standard value	Limit	Remedy
7, 8	Starting torque of side bearing	2.0 to 2.9 N⋅m {1.4 to 2.2 ft.lbs}	-	Adjust
9	Wobble at back face of reduction gear	0.1 {0.0039} or less	_	Replace
9, 11	Backlash between reduction gear and reduction pinion	0.20 to 0.28 {0.0079 to 0.011}	0.5 {0.020}	Adjust or replace

Torque value: N·m (lbf·ft)

Mark	Fastener	Torque value	Remarks
13	Bolt (lock plate mounting)	20 to 26 (15 to 19)	_
Т	Bolt (bearing cap mounting)	200.9 (150)	_
To	Bolt (pinion mounting)	67 to 90 (49 to 67)	_

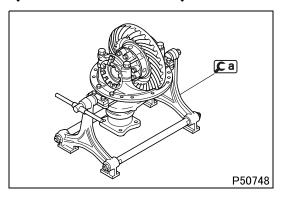
Lubricant and/or sealant

Mark	Points of application	Specified lubricant and/or sealant	Quantity
[\(\text{a} \)	Pinion pilot bearing mounting surface of differential carrier	Loctite 601	As required

Special tools (Unit: mm {in})

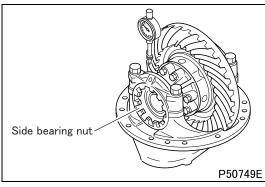
Mark	Tool name and shape	Part No.	Application
	Differential working base RA G B L D H J K E 05656		
€ a	Component Part No. Attachment − RA F G − R158 {6.22} 30° ∮13 {0.51} MB999040 B Holder MB999036	MB999034	Workbench for reduction and differential (flange stopper is unused)
	B Holder MB999036 C Holder MB999037 D Working base MB999035 E Flange stopper MB999096 H J K L 11 20 40 \$\phi11\$ {0.43} {0.79} {1.57} {0.43}		
₽ b	Adapter A B	MB999076	Removal of side bearing inner race (to be used in combination with commercial bearing puller)
E	Bearing installer A B \$\phi 80 \$\phi 70 \$\{3.15\}\$ \$\{2.76\}} P01039	MH061748	Installation of side bearing inner race
Æ d	Bearing retainer guide pin A B C D 18 85 12	MH061745	Installation of reduction pinion (two pieces are used)

♦ Work before removal **♦**



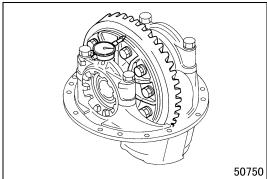
■ Preparatory work: Installation of differential working base assembly

• Install the reduction and differential on the differential working base **[a]**.



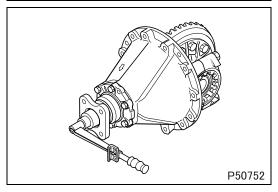
■ Inspection: Backlash between reduction gear and reduction pinion

• If backlash is found faulty, the tightening amount of the side bearing nut is probably inappropriate.



■ Inspection: Wobble at back face of reduction gear

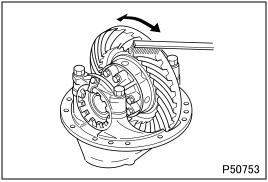
• Measure wobble at the illustrated position of the reduction gear.

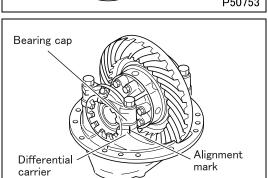


■ Inspection: Starting torque of side bearing

 Measure starting torque of the pinion assembly using a torque wrench and calculate the starting torque of the side bearing using the following formula.

(Total starting torque – Pinion bearing starting torque (See later section.)) × Final ratio = Side bearing starting torque

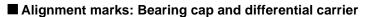




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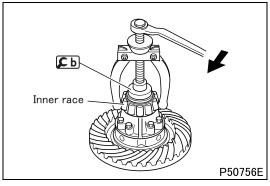
■ Inspection: Tooth contact of reduction gear

- Apply red lead to three to four teeth at three equally spaced points of the reduction gear.
- Turn the reduction gear several times to check for tooth contact.

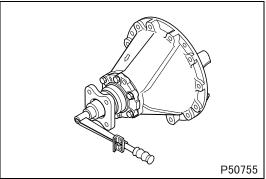


 Put alignment marks on the bearing cap and differential carrier for correct identification of right and left parts.

◆ Removal procedure ◆



■ Removal: Side bearing inner race

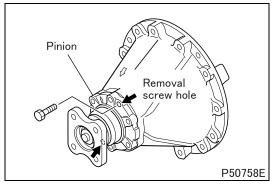


■ Inspection: Starting torque of pinion bearing

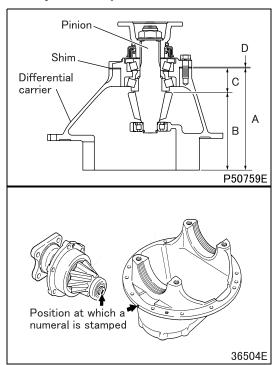
• After removing the differential, measure the starting torque of the pinion bearing.

■ Removal: Pinion

• Screw two bolts evenly into the pinion removal screw holes to remove the pinion.



◆ Adjustment procedure ◆



■ Adjustment: Reduction pinion

- Perform the following steps to adjust dimensions A, B and C.
- Calculate shim thickness (dimension D) by using the following formula based on the machining error data stamped on pinion assembly and differential carrier.
- Formula:
 - $\mathbf{D} = 0.5 \text{ mm } \{0.020 \text{ in}\} a + b + c$
 - **a** = Deviation from standard dimension **A**
 - **b** = Deviation from standard dimension **B**
 - c = Deviation from standard dimension C

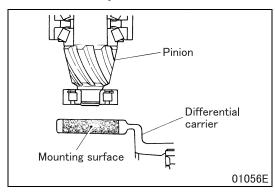
Unit: mm {in}

Location	Standard dimension	How to calculate deviation
Shim thickness	0.5 {0.020}	-
Α	203 {7.99}	A numeral, multiplied by 100, is stamped on the outer periphery of the flange of the differential carrier.
В	157 {0.18}	A numeral is stamped on the top of the pinion assembly.
С	46.5 {1.8}	Measure deviation from dimension C using a dial gauge. Taking measurement is usually not feasible and assume a value from 0 to 0.2 mm.

Select a shim based on shim thickness D.
 Thickness of shims available

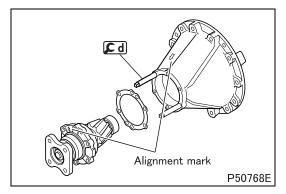
0.1 mm {0.0039 in}, 0.2 mm {0.0079 in} (two thickness)

♦ Installation procedure ♦



■ Installation: Reduction pinion

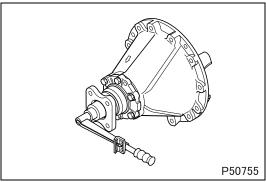
Apply sealant to the pilot bearing mounting surface of the differential carrier.

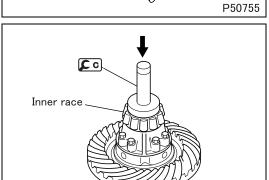


 Aligning the embossed alignment mark on the bearing retainer of the pinion assembly with that on the differential carrier, mount the pinion assembly.

CAUTION A

- Leave for 30 minutes to 2 hours after installation to let the sealant harden.
- Wait at least three hours or, if feasible 24 hours, before running the vehicle to let the sealant harden.



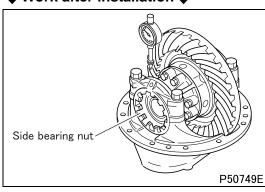


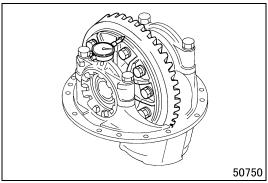
■ Inspection: Starting torque of pinion bearing

- After installing the pinion, measure the starting torque of the pinion bearing.
- If the measured value deviates from the standard value, adjust.

■ Installation: Side bearing inner race





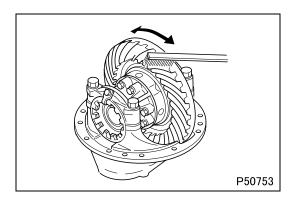


- Adjustment: Backlash between reduction gear and reduction pinion
- Adjust backlash with the side bearing nut, using care not to allow the side bearing starting torque to change.

CAUTION A -

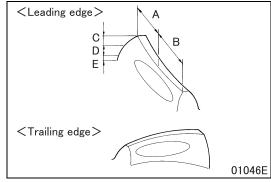
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- When one side bearing nut is loosened, be sure to tighten the other one the same amount to prevent the side bearing starting torque from changing.
- Inspection: Wobble at back face of reduction gear
- Measure wobble at the illustrated position of the reduction gear.
- If the measured value deviates from the standard value, replace the reduction gear and reduction pinion of the differential as a set.



■ Inspection: Tooth contact of reduction gear [Inspection]

- Apply red lead to three to four teeth at three equally spaced points of the reduction gear.
- Turn the reduction gear several times to check for tooth contact.
- Adjust tooth contact if it is remarkably offset.



Correct tooth contact at no load

<Reduction gear>

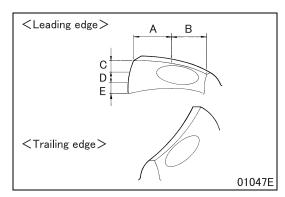
A: Heel

B: Toe

C: Face

D: Flank

E: Clearance



<Reduction pinion>

A: Heel

B: Toe

C: Face

D: Flank

E: Clearance

Maintenance item			Assembly standards
	Tooth contact position	Lengthwise direction of tooth	From center towards toe
At no load	Toolif contact position	Vertical direction	From center towards top of tooth for reduction gear and center for reduction pinion
7 11 11 15 15 15	Tooth contact shape	Length	Approximately 50 to 70% of tooth width
	Width		Approximately 50 to 70% of tooth depth
	Degree of tooth contact		It becomes weaker as it nears tooth root and tooth tip

NOTE

 When tooth contact is near the toe at no load, it becomes middle area contact at load.

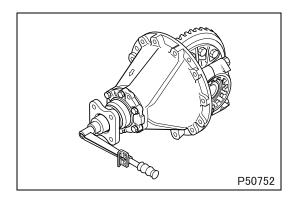
[Adjustment]

 Adjust by backlash between reduction gear and reduction pinion (to be adjusted with the side bearing nut) and addition or reduction of rear bearing shims.

CAUTION A -

 Make sure you replace as a reduction gear set (reduction gear and reduction pinion), when you replace the gear because of excessive teeth wear.

	T			
	Method of adjustment	Moving direction		
Tooth contact by addition or reduction of shims	Advance reduction pinion to reduction gear (shims are reduced) 55497	Leading edge Trailing edge 55501E	Tooth contact moves towards tooth root	
Tooth contact by additio	Retard reduction pinion from reduction gear (shims are added)	Leading edge Trailing edge 55502E	Tooth contact moves towards tooth tip	
ent with side bearing nut	Advance reduction gear to reduction pinion center (less backlash)	Leading edge edge 55503E	Tooth contact moves in lengthwise direction of tooth Leading edge: Nearer to toe and slightly nearer to root of tooth Trailing edge: Nearer to heel and slightly nearer to top of tooth	
Tooth contact by adjustment with side bearing nut	Retard reduction gear from reduction pinion center (more backlash)	Leading edge Trailing edge 55504E	Tooth contact moves in lengthwise direction of tooth Leading edge: Nearer to heel and slightly nearer to top of tooth Trailing edge: Nearer to toe and slightly nearer to root of tooth	



■ Inspection: Starting torque of side bearing [Inspection]

 Measure starting torque of the pinion assembly using a torque wrench and calculate the starting torque of the side bearing using the following formula.

(Total starting torque – Pinion bearing starting torque (See later section.)) \times Final ratio = Side bearing starting torque

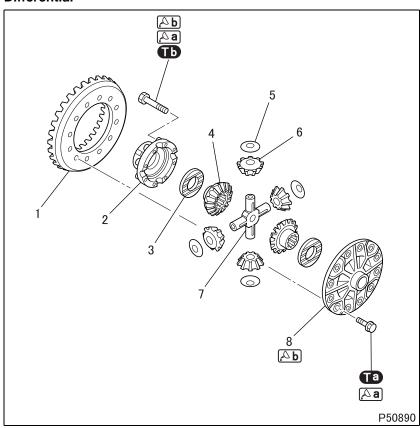
[Adjustment]

• Adjust by means of the right- and left-hand adjusting screws.

CAUTION A

- Always adjust both adjusting screws by the same amount.
- The starting torque must be adjusted without causing the backlash between the reduction gear and reduction pinion out of the standard value.

Differential



Disassembly sequence

- 1 Reduction gear
- 2 Differential case, R/H
- 3 Side gear washer
- 4 Side gear
- 5 Pinion washer
- 6 Differential pinion
- 7 Pinion spider
- 8 Differential case, L/H

CAUTION A -

- Be sure to replace the R/H differential case and the L/H differential case as a differential case set.
- Be sure to replace the side gear and the differential pinion as a side gear set.

Assembly sequence

Follow the disassembly sequence in reverse.

Service standards: mm {in}

Location	Maintenance item	Standard value	Limit	Remedy
4	Backlash between side gear and spline of axle shaft	0.05 to 0.15 {0.0020 to 0.0059}	0.5 {0.020}	Replace
4, 6	Backlash between side gear and differential pinion	0.15 to 0.20 {0.0059 to 0.0079}	0.5 {0.020}	Replace
6, 7	Clearance between differential pinion and pinion spider	0.17 to 0.27 {0.0067 to 0.011}	0.5 {0.020}	Replace

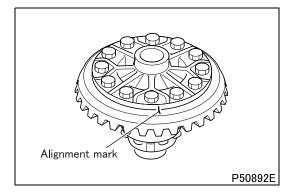
Torque value: N·m (lbf·ft)

Mark	Fastener	Torque value	Remarks
1 3	Bolt (reduction gear mounting)	166.6 to 225.4 (120 to 165)	-
Ф	Bolt (R/H and L/H differential case mounting)	83.3 to 112.7 (61 to 83)	-

Lubricant and/or sealant

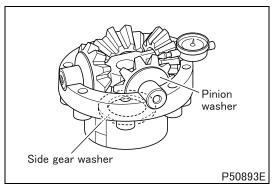
Mark	Points of application	Specified lubricant and/or sealant	Quantity
<i>[</i> △a	Entire bolt	Rust preventive	As required
	Thread area of bolt	Loctite 271	As required
Δb	Bolt tip of L/H differential case	Locate 271	As required

♦ Work before removal ♦



■ Alignment marks: Reduction gear and L/H differential case

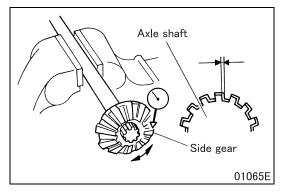
• Put alignment marks on the reduction gear and L/H differential case.



■ Inspection: Backlash between side gear and differential pinion

• If backlash is found faulty, thickness of the side gear washer and pinion washer is probably inappropriate.

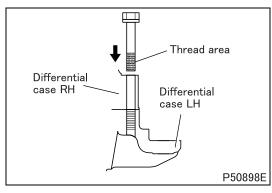
♦Inspection procedure ♦



■ Inspection: Backlash between side gear and axle shaft

• If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace defective parts.

♦ Installation procedure ♦



■ Installation: Differential case, R/H and L/H

- Apply rust preventive to the entire surface of the bolt. After applying it, blow off the excess rust preventive on the bolt by compressed air.
- Apply thread lock cement to the bolt threads.
- Tighten the bolt to the specified torque.

CAUTION /

- Make sure to apply rust preventive when tightening the bolt to the specified torque.
- Wait at least one hour after installation before actually running the vehicle to let the thread lock cement harden.
- Wait at least four hours after installation before operating the vehicle at full torque to let the thread lock cement harden.