Sabre Lawn Tractor

38-Inch and 46-Inch (96 cm and 117 cm)

Models: 1338 Gear 1546 Gear

1538 Gear 1638 Hydro 1538 Hydro 1646 Gear

15538 **Gear** 1646 Hydro

15538 Hydro



Technical Manual



This technical manual is written for an experienced technician and contains sections that are specifically for this product. It is a part of a total product support program.

Safety



The manual is organized so that all the information on a particular system is kept together. The order of grouping is as follows:

Specifications and Information



- · Table of Contents
- Specifications
- Component Location
- System Schematic
- Theory of Operation
- Troubleshooting Chart
- Diagnostics
- Tests & Adjustments
- Repair

Note: Depending on the particular section or system being covered, not all of the above groups may be used.

Each section will be identified with a symbol rather than a number. The groups and pages within a section will be consecutively numbered.

We appreciate your input on this manual. If you find any errors, or want to comment on the layout of the manual, please mail your comments back to us.

All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

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John Deere Worldwide Lawn and Grounds Care Division

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Electrical



Gear Power Train



Hydrostatic Power Train



Steering



Attachments



Miscellaneous



Service Information Bulletins

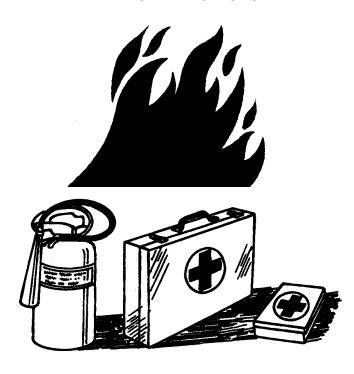






HANDLE FLUIDS SAFELY-AVOID FIRES

BE PREPARED FOR EMERGENCIES



When you work around fuel, do not smoke or work near heaters or other fire hazards.

Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.

Make sure machine is clean of trash, grease, and debris.

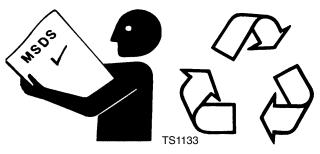
Do not store oily rags; they can ignite and burn spontaneously.

Be prepared if a fire starts.

Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.

HANDLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTS SAFELY



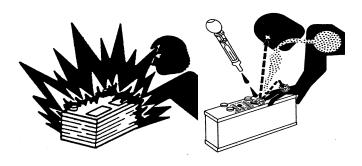
Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.

A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides specific details on chemical products: physical and health hazards, safety procedures, and emergency response techniques. Check the MSDS before you start any job using a hazardous chemical. That way you will know exactly what the risks are and how to do the job safely. Then follow procedures and recommended equipment.

DISPOSE OF WASTE PROPERLY

Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment and ecology. Potentially harmful waste includes oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, and batteries. Use leakproof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them. Do not pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source. Inquire on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling center.

USE CARE IN HANDLING AND SERVICING BATTERIES



PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSIONS

- Keep sparks, lighted matches, and open flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.
- Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a volt-meter or hydrometer.
- Do not charge a frozen battery; it may explode.
 Warm battery to 16°C (60°F).

PREVENT ACID BURNS

 Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, eat holes in clothing, and cause blindness if splashed into eyes.

· Avoid acid burns by:

- 1. Wearing eye protection and rubber gloves.
- 2. Avoiding breathing fumes from electrolyte.
- 3. Avoiding tipping battery.
- 4. Use proper jump start procedure.

· If you spill acid on yourself:

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- 2. Apply baking soda to help neutralize the acid.
- 3. Flush your eyes with water for 10–15 minutes.
- 4. Get medical attention immediately.

· If acid is swallowed:

- 1. Drink large amounts of water or milk.
- 2. Then drink milk of magnesia, beaten eggs, or vegetable oil.
- 3. Get medical attention immediately.

USE SAFE SERVICE PROCEDURES

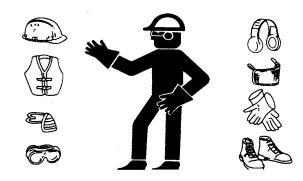


WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing. Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.

Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating machine.



SERVICE MACHINES SAFELY

Tie long hair behind your head. Do not wear a necktie, scarf, loose clothing, or necklace when you work near machine tools or moving parts. If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.

USE PROPER TOOLS

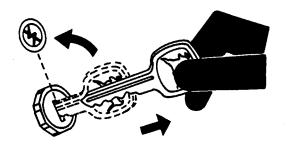
Use tools appropriate to the work. Makeshift tools and procedures can create safety hazards. Use power tools only to loosen threaded parts and fasteners. For loosening and tightening hardware, use the correct size tools. **DO NOT** use U.S. measurement tools on metric fasteners. Avoid bodily injury caused by slipping wrenches. Use only service parts meeting John Deere specifications.





PARK MACHINE SAFELY

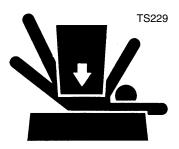
- 1. Depress brake pedal fully.
- 2. Move park lever into lock position.
- 3. Check that shift lever has returned to neutral.
- 4. Make sure blade drive lever is pulled back fully.
- Move throttle lever to SLOW IDLE position and allow engine to idle for approximately 30 seconds before turning key switch to OFF position. Remove the ignition key to prevent accidental starting.



· Before working on the machine:

- 1. Lower all equipment to the ground.
- 2. Stop the engine and remove the key.
- 3. Disconnect the battery ground strap.
- Hang a "DO NOT OPERATE" tag in operator station.

SUPPORT MACHINE PROPERLY AND USE PROPER LIFTING EQUIPMENT



If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment with jack stands rated to support the lifted load.

Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tiles, or props that may crumble under continuous load. Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack. Follow recommended procedures in this manual.

Lifting heavy components incorrectly can cause severe personal injury or machine damage. Follow recommended procedure for removal and installation of components in the manual.

WORK IN CLEAN AREA

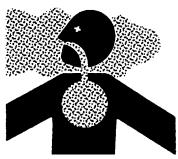
· Before starting a job

- 1. Clean work area and machine:
- 2. Have all the necessary tools to do your job
- 3. Have the right parts on hand.
- 4. Read all instructions thoroughly; do not attempt shortcuts.

ILLUMINATE WORK AREA SAFELY

Illuminate your work area adequately but safely. Use a portable safety light for working inside or under the machine. Make sure the bulb is enclosed by a wire cage. The hot filament of an accidentally broken bulb can ignite spilled fuel or oil.

WORK IN VENTILATED AREA



Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area, remove the exhaust fumes from the area with an exhaust pipe extension.

If you do not have an exhaust pipe extension, open the doors and get outside air into the area.

WARNING: California Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

Gasoline engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State Of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

• REMOVE PAINT BEFORE WELDING OR HEATING

Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust. Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch. Do all work outside or in a well ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly. Remove paint before welding or heating: If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator. If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

AVOID HARMFUL ASBESTOS DUST

Avoid breathing dust that may be generated when handling components containing asbestos fibers. Inhaled asbestos fibers may cause lung cancer.

Components in products that may contain asbestos fibers are brake pads and some gaskets. The asbestos used in these components is usually found in a resin or sealed in some way. Normal handling is not hazardous as long as airborne dust containing asbestos is not generated.

Avoid creating dust. Never use compressed air for cleaning. Avoid brushing or grinding material containing asbestos. When servicing, wear an approved respirator. A special vacuum cleaner is recommended to clean asbestos. If not available, apply a mist of oil or water on the material containing asbestos. Keep bystanders away from the area.

SERVICE TIRES SAFELY



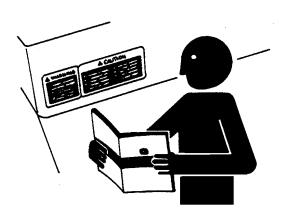
Explosive separation of a tire and rim parts can cause serious injury or death.

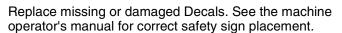
Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to perform the job. Always maintain the correct tire pressure. Do not inflate the tires above the recommended pressure. Never weld or heat a wheel and tire assembly. The heat can cause an increase in air pressure resulting in a tire explosion. Welding can structurally weaken or deform the wheel.

When inflating tires, use a clip-on chuck and extension hose long enough to allow you to stand to one side and NOT in front of or over the tire assembly. Use a safety cage if available.

 Check wheels for low pressure, cuts, bubbles, damaged rims or missing retaining hardware.

REPLACE DECALS





LIVE WITH SAFETY



Before returning machine to customer, make sure machine is functioning properly, especially the safety systems. Install all guards and shields.







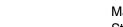
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SPECIFICATIONS



| Engine: |
|--|
| Make Briggs and Strattor Style Vertical Sharm Models: 13 Horsepower 28M70 15 Horsepower 28N70 16 Horsepower (Cast Iron Sleeve) 28Q77 Type Gasoline, Air Cooled, Single Cylinder, 4-Cycle Crankcase Oil Capacity 3 Pint Oil: Warm Climate (Above 40°F) SE, SF, SG, SAE 30V Cold Climate (Below 40°F) SE, SF, SG, SAE 10W3 |
| Electrical: |
| Ignition System |
| Fuel/Air System: |
| Carburetor Make Briggs & Strattor Carburetor Type Side Draw Throttle/Choke Unitized Control Linkage Carburetor Fuel Shut-Off Solenoid (Optional) Electri Fuel Delivery Gravity Flow Fuel Filter Replaceable Inline type Fuel Type Unleaded (87 Octane Minimum Fuel Tank Capacity 4.7 L (1.25 gal Air Filter Paper Element with Foam Pre-cleane Muffler Type Anti-Backfire |



Power Train—K55 Transmission:

| Gear Transaxle— |
|--|
| Make |
| ModelSpicer Heavy-Duty 4360 Transaxle |
| TypeFive-Speed/Linear Shift |
| Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—3350 rpm) and Gear Ratios: |
| 1st Gear |
| 3rd Gear |
| 4th Gear |
| 5th Gear |
| Reverse |
| Brake Type |
| Lubrication—Input Shaft Needle Bearings Multi-Purpose Grease |
| Lubrication—Transaxle |
| Capacity—Transaxle |
| Hydro Transaxle— |
| Make Kanzaki |
| Model |
| Type |
| Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—3350 rpm): |
| Forward |
| Reverse0—4.24 km/hr (0—2.62 mph) |
| Brake Type Single, External Disc Brake With Friction Pucks |
| Lubrication |
| Reservoir Internal |
| Capacity |
| |
| Power Train—K51 Transmission: |
| |
| rower rani—K31 transmission. |
| Gear Transaxle— |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
| Gear Transaxle— Make Dana Model. Spicer K51 Transaxle Type. Five-Speed/Linear Shift Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm) and Gear Ratios: 1st Gear 1st Gear 2.4 km/hr (1.5 mph) 2nd Gear 3.2 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 5.0 km/hr (3.1 mph) 4th Gear 6.4 km/hr (4.0 mph) 5th Gear 8.0 km/hr (5.0 mph) |
| Gear Transaxle— Make Dana Model. Spicer K51 Transaxle Type. Five-Speed/Linear Shift Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm) and Gear Ratios: 2.4 km/hr (1.5 mph) 2nd Gear 3.2 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 5.0 km/hr (3.1 mph) 4th Gear 6.4 km/hr (4.0 mph) |
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| Gear Transaxle— Make Dana Model. Spicer K51 Transaxle Type. Five-Speed/Linear Shift Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm) and Gear Ratios: 2.4 km/hr (1.5 mph) 2nd Gear 3.2 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 5.0 km/hr (3.1 mph) 4th Gear 6.4 km/hr (4.0 mph) 5th Gear 8.0 km/hr (5.0 mph) Reverse 3.7 km/hr (2.3 mph) |
| Gear Transaxle— Make |
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| Gear Transaxle— Make Dana Model. Spicer K51 Transaxle Type. Five-Speed/Linear Shift Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm) and Gear Ratios: 2.4 km/hr (1.5 mph) 1st Gear. 2.4 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 3.2 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 5.0 km/hr (3.1 mph) 4th Gear 6.4 km/hr (4.0 mph) 5th Gear 8.0 km/hr (5.0 mph) Reverse 3.7 km/hr (2.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Brake Disc Lubrication—Input Shaft Needle Bearings Multi-Purpose Grease Lubrication—Transaxle Multi-Purpose Grease Capacity—Transaxle Oil 2.3 kg (5.07 lbs) Hydro Transaxle— Make Make Kanzaki Model. Tuff Torq® K51 Transaxle Type. Hydrostatic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm): Forward 0—8.5 km/hr (0—5.3 mph) Reverse 0—5.3 km/hr (0—3.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Disc Brake |
| Gear Transaxle— Make Dana Model. Spicer K51 Transaxle Type. Five-Speed/Linear Shift Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm) and Gear Ratios: 1st Gear. 1st Gear. 2.4 km/hr (1.5 mph) 2nd Gear 3.2 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 5.0 km/hr (3.1 mph) 4th Gear 6.4 km/hr (4.0 mph) 5th Gear 8.0 km/hr (5.0 mph) Reverse 3.7 km/hr (2.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Brake Disc Lubrication—Input Shaft Needle Bearings Multi-Purpose Grease Lubrication—Transaxle Multi-Purpose Grease Capacity—Transaxle Oil .2.3 kg (5.07 lbs) Hydro Transaxle— Make Make Kanzaki Model .Tuff Torq® K51 Transaxle Type Hydrostatic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm): Forward 0—8.5 km/hr (0—5.3 mph) Reverse 0—5.3 km/hr (0—3.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Disc Brake Lubrication 10W30 Engine Oil, Class CD |
| Gear Transaxle— Make Dana Model Spicer K51 Transaxle Type Five-Speed/Linear Shift Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm) and Gear Ratios: 1st Gear 1st Gear 2.4 km/hr (1.5 mph) 2nd Gear 3.2 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 5.0 km/hr (3.1 mph) 4th Gear 6.4 km/hr (4.0 mph) 5th Gear 8.0 km/hr (5.0 mph) Reverse 3.7 km/hr (2.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Brake Disc Lubrication—Input Shaft Needle Bearings Multi-Purpose Grease Lubrication—Transaxle Multi-Purpose Grease Capacity—Transaxle Oil 2.3 kg (5.07 lbs) Hydro Transaxle— Kanzaki Model Tuff Torq® K51 Transaxle Type Hydrostatic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm): Forward 0—8.5 km/hr (0—5.3 mph) Reverse 0—5.3 km/hr (0—3.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Disc Brake Lubrication 10W30 Engine Oil, Class CD Reservoir Internal |
| Gear Transaxle— Make Dana Model. Spicer K51 Transaxle Type. Five-Speed/Linear Shift Domestic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm) and Gear Ratios: 1st Gear. 1st Gear. 2.4 km/hr (1.5 mph) 2nd Gear 3.2 km/hr (2.0 mph) 3rd Gear 5.0 km/hr (3.1 mph) 4th Gear 6.4 km/hr (4.0 mph) 5th Gear 8.0 km/hr (5.0 mph) Reverse 3.7 km/hr (2.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Brake Disc Lubrication—Input Shaft Needle Bearings Multi-Purpose Grease Lubrication—Transaxle Multi-Purpose Grease Capacity—Transaxle Oil .2.3 kg (5.07 lbs) Hydro Transaxle— Make Make Kanzaki Model .Tuff Torq® K51 Transaxle Type Hydrostatic Ground Speeds (at FAST idle—2950 rpm): Forward 0—8.5 km/hr (0—5.3 mph) Reverse 0—5.3 km/hr (0—3.3 mph) Brake Type Single, Internal Disc Brake Lubrication 10W30 Engine Oil, Class CD |





Traction Drive Belt:

| Traction Drive Belt: |
|---|
| Gear— New Belt Length 2660±8 mm (104.7±0.3 in.) Minimum Effective Length 2631 mm (103.6 in.) Maximum Effective Length 2710 mm (106.7 in.) Hydro—K55 Transmission 2485±8 mm (97.8±0.3 in.) New Belt Length 2477 mm (97.5 in.) Maximum Effective Length 2530 mm (99.6 in.) Hydro—K51 Transmission 2400±8 mm (94.5±0.3 in.) New Belt Length 2400±8 mm (94.5±0.3 in.) Minimum Effective Length 2392 mm (94.2 in.) Maximum Effective Length 2424 mm (94.9 in.) |
| Mower Deck Drive Belt |
| 38-Inch Deck— |
| Actual effective length |
| 46-Inch Deck— |
| Actual effective length |
| Mower Deck: |
| 38-Inch Mower Deck— |
| Type |
| 46-Inch Mower Deck— |
| Type |
| Chassis: |
| Wheelbase |

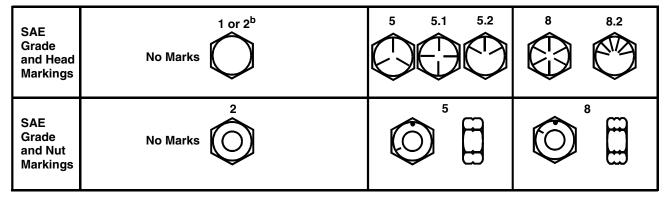


| Average Overall Weight 46 inch (With Mower Deck, No Fuel) 204.12 kg (450 lbs) Hitch Capacity— |
|---|
| Export: Horizontal Pull Maximum |
| Trailer Load Maximum |
| Steering: |
| Type |
| Wheels: |
| Size— 6.0 x 4.50 Front 8.0 x 6.18 |
| Tires: |
| Size— Front 13 x 6.50—6 NHS (2 Ply) Rear. 18 x 9.50—8 NHS (2 Ply) Pressure— |
| Front (with mower deck) |





UNIFIED INCH TORQUE VALUES



| | Grade | e 1 | | | Grade 2 ^b | | | | Grade | 5, 5.1 | or 5.2 | | Grade 8 or 8.2 | | | |
|-------|-------------|-------|------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------------|--------|------------------|-------|----------------|-------|------------------|-------|
| Size | Lubricateda | | Dry ^a | | Lubricateda | | Dry ^a | | Lubricateda | | Dry ^a | | Lubricateda | | Dry ^a | |
| | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft |
| 1/4 | 3.8 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 6 | 4.4 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 9.5 | 7 | 12 | 9 | 13.5 | 10 | 17 | 12.5 |
| 5/16 | 7.7 | 5.7 | 9.8 | 7.2 | 12 | 9 | 15.5 | 11.5 | 19.5 | 14.5 | 25 | 18.5 | 28 | 20.5 | 35 | 26 |
| 3/8 | 13.5 | 10 | 17.5 | 13 | 22 | 16 | 27.5 | 20 | 35 | 26 | 44 | 32.5 | 49 | 36 | 63 | 46 |
| 7/16 | 22 | 16 | 28 | 20.5 | 35 | 26 | 44 | 32.5 | 56 | 41 | 70 | 52 | 80 | 59 | 100 | 74 |
| 1/2 | 34 | 25 | 42 | 31 | 53 | 39 | 67 | 49 | 85 | 63 | 110 | 80 | 120 | 88 | 155 | 115 |
| 9/16 | 48 | 35.5 | 60 | 45 | 76 | 56 | 95 | 70 | 125 | 92 | 155 | 115 | 175 | 130 | 220 | 165 |
| 5/8 | 67 | 49 | 85 | 63 | 105 | 77 | 135 | 100 | 170 | 125 | 215 | 160 | 240 | 175 | 305 | 225 |
| 3/4 | 120 | 88 | 150 | 110 | 190 | 140 | 240 | 175 | 300 | 220 | 380 | 280 | 425 | 315 | 540 | 400 |
| 7/8 | 190 | 140 | 240 | 175 | 190 | 140 | 240 | 175 | 490 | 360 | 615 | 455 | 690 | 510 | 870 | 640 |
| 1 | 285 | 210 | 360 | 265 | 285 | 210 | 360 | 265 | 730 | 540 | 920 | 680 | 1030 | 760 | 1300 | 960 |
| 1-1/8 | 400 | 300 | 510 | 375 | 400 | 300 | 510 | 375 | 910 | 670 | 1150 | 850 | 1450 | 1075 | 1850 | 1350 |
| 1-1/4 | 570 | 420 | 725 | 535 | 570 | 420 | 725 | 535 | 1280 | 945 | 1630 | 1200 | 2050 | 1500 | 2600 | 1920 |
| 1-3/8 | 750 | 550 | 950 | 700 | 750 | 550 | 950 | 700 | 1700 | 1250 | 2140 | 1580 | 2700 | 2000 | 3400 | 2500 |
| 1-1/2 | 990 | 730 | 1250 | 930 | 990 | 730 | 1250 | 930 | 2250 | 1650 | 2850 | 2100 | 3600 | 2650 | 4550 | 3350 |

DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only. Check tightness of fasteners periodically.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical grade.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher grade. If higher grade fasteners are used, these should only be tightened to the strength of the original.

Make sure fasteners threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

Tighten plastic insert or crimped steel-type lock nuts to approximately 50 percent of the dry torque shown in the chart, applied to the nut, not to the bolt head.

Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

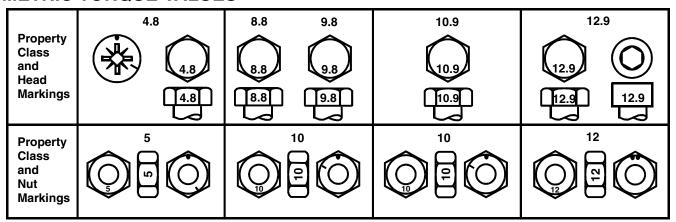
b Grade 2 applies for hex cap screws (not hex bolts) up to 152 mm (6 in.) long. Grade 1 applies for hex cap screws over 152 mm (6 in.) long, and for all other types of bolts and screws of any length.



- 6 - ≥

^a "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings. "Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication.

METRIC TORQUE VALUES





| | Class 4.8 | | | | Class 8.8 or 9.8 | | | | Class 10.9 | | | | Class 12.9 | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------------|-------|------------------|-------|
| Size | Lubricated ^a Dry | | Dry ^a | | Lubricateda | | Dry ^a | | Lubricateda | | Dry ^a | | Lubricateda | | Dry ^a | |
| | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft | Nm | lb-ft |
| M6 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 6 | 4.4 | 9 | 6.6 | 11.5 | 8.5 | 13 | 9.5 | 16.5 | 12.5 | 15.5 | 11.5 | 19.5 | 14.5 |
| M8 | 11.5 | 8.5 | 14.5 | 10.7 | 22 | 16 | 28 | 20.5 | 32 | 23.5 | 40 | 29.5 | 37 | 27.5 | 47 | 35 |
| M10 | 23 | 17 | 29 | 21 | 43 | 32 | 55 | 40 | 63 | 46 | 80 | 59 | 75 | 55 | 95 | 70 |
| M12 | 40 | 29.5 | 50 | 37 | 75 | 55 | 95 | 70 | 110 | 80 | 140 | 105 | 130 | 95 | 165 | 120 |
| M14 | 63 | 46 | 80 | 59 | 120 | 88 | 150 | 110 | 175 | 130 | 220 | 165 | 205 | 150 | 260 | 190 |
| M16 | 100 | 74 | 125 | 92 | 190 | 140 | 240 | 175 | 275 | 200 | 350 | 225 | 320 | 235 | 400 | 300 |
| M18 | 135 | 100 | 175 | 125 | 265 | 195 | 330 | 245 | 375 | 275 | 475 | 350 | 440 | 325 | 560 | 410 |
| M20 | 190 | 140 | 245 | 180 | 375 | 275 | 475 | 350 | 530 | 390 | 675 | 500 | 625 | 460 | 790 | 580 |
| M22 | 265 | 195 | 330 | 245 | 510 | 375 | 650 | 480 | 725 | 535 | 920 | 680 | 850 | 625 | 108 | 800 |
| M24 | 330 | 245 | 425 | 315 | 650 | 480 | 820 | 600 | 920 | 680 | 115 | 850 | 108 | 800 | 135 | 100 |
| M27 | 490 | 360 | 625 | 460 | 950 | 700 | 1200 | 885 | 1350 | 1000 | 1700 | 1250 | 1580 | 1160 | 200 | 1500 |
| M30 | 660 | 490 | 850 | 625 | 1290 | 950 | 1630 | 1200 | 1850 | 1350 | 2300 | 1700 | 2140 | 1700 | 2700 | 2000 |
| M33 | 900 | 665 | 1150 | 850 | 1750 | 1300 | 2200 | 1625 | 2500 | 1850 | 3150 | 2325 | 2900 | 2150 | 3700 | 2730 |
| M36 | 1150 | 850 | 1450 | 1075 | 2250 | 1650 | 2850 | 2100 | 3200 | 2350 | 4050 | 3000 | 3750 | 2770 | 4750 | 3500 |

DO NOT use these values if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application. Torque values listed are for general use only. Check tightness of fasteners periodically.

Shear bolts are designed to fail under predetermined loads. Always replace shear bolts with identical property class.

Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher property class. If higher property class fasteners are used, these should only be tightened to the strength of the original.

Make sure fasteners threads are clean and that you properly start thread engagement. This will prevent them from failing when tightening.

Tighten plastic insert or crimped steel-type lock nuts to approximately 50 percent of the dry torque shown in the chart, applied to the nut, not to the bolt head. Tighten toothed or serrated-type lock nuts to the full torque value.

^a "Lubricated" means coated with a lubricant such as engine oil, or fasteners with phosphate and oil coatings. "Dry" means plain or zinc plated without any lubrication.



GASOLINE SPECIFICATIONS



CAUTION

Handle fuel with care, it is highly flammable. DO NOT refuel machine:

- Indoors. Always fill fuel tank outdoors.
- While you smoke.
- When machine is near and open flame or sparks.
- When engine is running. STOP engine.
- When engine is hot. Allow it to cool.

Help prevent fires:

- · Fill fuel tank only to bottom of filler neck.
- Clean oil, grease and dirt from machine.
- · Clean up spilled fuel immediately.
- Do not store machine with fuel in tank in a building where fumes may reach an open flame or spark.

To prevent fire and explosion caused by static electric discharge while you fill tank:

- Use approved, non-metal fuel container.
- When using a funnel, MAKE SURE it is PLASTIC.
- Avoid using a funnel which has a metal screen or filter.

IMPORTANT: To avoid engine damage:

- DO NOT mix oil with gasoline
- Use only clean oil and fuel
- Use clean approved containers and funnels.
- Store oil and fuel in an area protected from dust, moisture and other contamination.

Unleaded fuel is recommended because it burns cleaner and leaves less unburned deposits in engine combustion chamber. Regular unleaded gasoline with an anti-knock index of 85 octane or higher may be used. Use of gasohol is acceptable as long as the ethyl alcohol blend does not exceed 11 percent. Do not use gasoline that contains Methanol.

Fill fuel tank at end of each day's operation. Fill only to bottom of filler neck.

GASOLINE STORAGE

Keep fuel in a clean container in a protected area. Do not use deicers to remove water from fuel. Do not depend on fuel filters to remove water.

If possible, install a water separator at the storage tank outlet.

IMPORTANT: Keep all dirt, scale, water or other foreign material out of fuel.

If mower is stored for the winter, add gasoline storage stabilizer to the fuel. Follow directions on can.

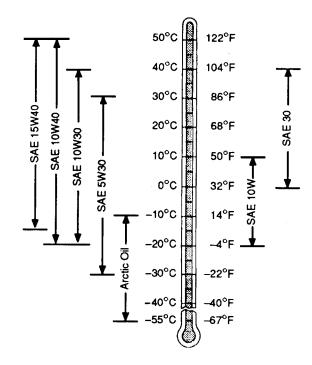
LUBRICANT SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE OIL

Use oil viscosity based on the expected air temperature range during the period between oil changes.

The following oil is preferred:

• 10W30



Other oils may be used if they meet one of the following:

- API Service Classification SG
- API Service Classification SF
- CCMC Specification G4

Oils meeting Military Specification MIL-L-46167B may be used as arctic oils.

PDF

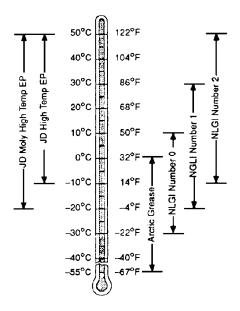
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GREASE

Use grease based on the expected air temperature range during the service interval.

The following greases are preferred:

- MOLY HIGH TEMPERATURE EP GREASE
- HIGH TEMPERATURE EP GREASE
- MULTI-PURPOSE GREASE



Other greases may be used if they meet one of the following:

- SAE Multipurpose EP Grease with a maximum of 5% molybdenum disulfide.
- SAE Multipurpose EP Grease

Greases meeting Military Specification MIL-G-10924F may be used as arctic grease.

ALTERNATIVE LUBRICANTS

Conditions in certain geographical areas outside the United States and Canada may require different lubricant recommendations than these printed in this manual or the operator's manual. Consult with your John Deere Dealer, or Sales Branch to obtain the alternative lubricant recommendations.

SYNTHETIC LUBRICANTS

Synthetic lubricants may be used in John Deere equipment if they meet the applicable performance requirements (industry classification and/or military specification) as shown in this group.

The recommended temperature limits and service or oil change intervals should be maintained as shown in the operator's manual.



Avoid mixing different brands, grades, or types of oil. Oil manufacturers blend additive in their oils to meet certain specifications and performance requirements. Mixing different oils can interfere with the proper functioning of these additives and degrade lubricant performance.

OIL FILTERS

Filtration of oils is critical to proper lubrication. Always change filters regularly.

Use filters meeting John Deere performance specification.

LUBRICANT STORAGE

This machine can operate at top efficiency only if clean lubricants are used.

Use clean containers to handle all lubricants. Store them in an area protected from dust, moisture, and other contamination. Store drums on their sides.

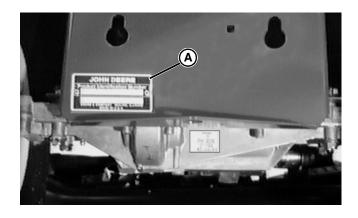


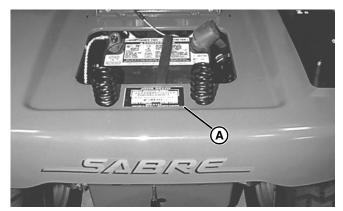
SERIAL NUMBER LOCATIONS

When working on machines or components that are covered by warranty, it is IMPORTANT that you include the tractor identification number <u>and</u> the component serial numbers on the warranty claim form.

The location of tractor identification number and component serial numbers are shown below.

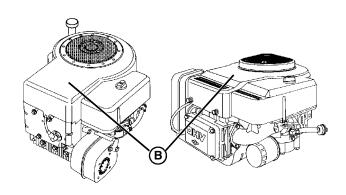
TRACTOR IDENTIFICATION NUMBER





Tractor identification number plate (A) is located on the rear of frame or under seat.

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER



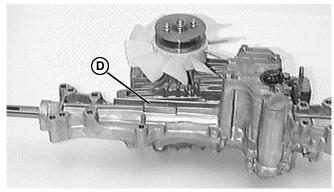
ractor engine serial number sticker (B) is located on n shroud.

GEAR TRANSAXLE SERIAL NUMBER



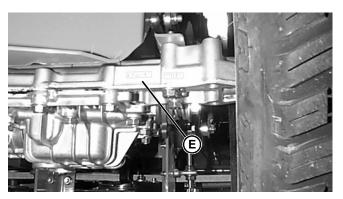
Gear transaxle serial number sticker (C) is on rear of housing.

HYDROSTATIC TRANSMISSION SERIAL NUMBER — K55



Serial number (D) is stamped into top of upper case half. It is only accessible with hydro removed.

HYDROSTATIC TRANSMISSION SERIAL NUMBER — K51



Serial number (E) is located on a bar coded label located on the right rear side of the transaxle.

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ENGINE CONTENTS

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The engines used on Sabre products are warranted by the manufacturer - Briggs & Stratton Corporation.

Please refer to the Owners Manual supplied with your machine for applicable Briggs & Stratton Owners Warranty Policy.